

Human erythrocyte hemolysis assay

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 An abbreviated version of this protocol was published in eLIFE in Feb 2022

Protein-lipid interaction at low pH induces oligomerization of the MakA cytotoxin from *Vibrio cholerae*

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Detailed protocol

- 1) Collect 1 mL of fresh blood from a healthy human donor.
- 2) Centrifuge the entire blood sample at 500 x g for 10 minutes immediately after collection.
- 3) Separate the blood plasma from the rest of the blood.
- 4) Suspend RBCs in PBS (5-10 mL), then centrifuge at 500 x g for 5 min.
- 5) Wash the RBC pellet in PBS twice by centrifuging at 500 x g for 5 min.
- 6) Discard the PBS and resuspend the RBCs in a sodium citrate buffer (120 mM) of the desired pH.
In our case, we used a 120 mM sodium citrate buffer with a pH of 5.0, 6.5, or 7.4.
- Note:** Adjust the pH using either 2.5M NaOH or 2.5M HCl.
- 7) Adjust the final concentration of RBCs in a sodium citrate buffer (120 mM) to 0.25 % at a pH of your choice.
In our case, we used a sodium citrate buffer (120 mM) with a pH of 5.0, 6.5, or 7.4.
- Note:** Adjusting the RBC concentration up to 1 % provides similar results.
- 8) Add MakA in varying concentrations and incubate the eppendorf tubes at 37 °C for 90 min or 5 h.
- 9) Lyse the RBCs with Triton X-100 (0.1 % final volume) as a positive control.
It is essential to employ a positive control for all pH-adjusted samples (i.e., use individual control for pH 5.0, 6.5, or 7.4).
- 10) At the end of the treatment, centrifuge the eppendorf tubes for 5 min at 500 x g.
- 11) Transfer 100 µL of the supernatant into each well of the 96-well plate.
- 12) Spectrophotometrically monitor the release of hemoglobin by measuring the absorbance at 545 nm to indicate red blood cell lysis.
Plot the data relative to the RBCs treated with Triton X-100 (0.1% final volume).

Chemicals:

tri-Sodium citrate, Analytical reagent grade, Batch# 0689824, Fischer Scientific.

Triton X-100, Laboratory grade, Lot # SLBM3870V, Sigma Aldrich.

How to cite: (Readers should cite both the Bio-protocol preprint and the original research article where this protocol was used)

1. Nadeem, A. and Nyunt Wai, S. (2022). Human erythrocyte hemolysis assay. Bio-protocol Preprint. bio-protocol.org/prep1903.
2. Nadeem, A., Berg, A., Pace, H., Alam, A., Toh, E., Ådén, J., Zlatkov, N., Myint, S. L., Persson, K., Gröbner, G., Sjöstedt, A., Bally, M., Barandun, J., Uhlin, B. E. and Wai, S. N. (2022). Protein-lipid interaction at low pH induces oligomerization of the MakA cytotoxin from *Vibrio cholerae*. eLIFE. DOI: [10.7554/eLife.73439](https://doi.org/10.7554/eLife.73439)

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